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# Griffin Capital Essential Asset REIT Reports 2018 First Quarter Results

### -Solid Results Reflect Disciplined Strategy for Generating Stable Income and Preservation of Capital for Shareholders-

EL SEGUNDO, Calif. (May 16, 2018) - Griffin Capital Essential Asset REIT, Inc. (the "REIT") announced its results for the quarter ended March 31, 2018.

"We are pleased with our results, which reflect not only continued favorable market conditions, but also the strength of our value creation strategy, and the discipline we bring to bear in its implementation," said Kevin Shields, Chairman and CEO of the REIT. "Our unique expertise as veteran operators, as well as acquirers, of complex commercial real estate positions us to deliver effectively on our objectives of generating stable income and long-term capital appreciation for the REIT's shareholders. Looking ahead, we are excited about continued opportunities to drive value through careful acquisitions and dispositions of assets within our portfolio, with an ongoing emphasis on the highest quality properties in fast-growing metropolitan markets across the country."

As of March 31, 2018, the REIT's portfolio<sup>(1)</sup> consisted of 74 assets encompassing approximately 18.8 million rentable square feet of space in 20 states.

#### Highlights and Accomplishments in First Quarter 2018 and Results as of March 31, 2018:

#### **Portfolio Overview**

 On March 13, 2018, we acquired one property located in Lakeland, FL, consisting of 605,412 square feet for approximately \$59.6 million. The acquisition of the property serves as the second of four replacement properties acquired in a 1031 exchange transaction related to the sale of DreamWorks Animation Headquarters and Studio Campus ("DreamWorks") for \$290.0 million.

- We executed new and renewal leases totaling 17,823 square feet for the quarter ended March 31, 2018.
- The total capitalization of our portfolio as of March 31, 2018 was \$3.2 billion<sup>(2)</sup>.
- Our weighted average remaining lease term was approximately 6.4 years with average annual rent increases of approximately 2.1%.
- Approximately 60.5% of our portfolio's net rental revenue<sup>(3)</sup> was generated by properties leased to tenants and/or guarantors with investment grade credit ratings or whose non-guarantor parent companies have investment grade credit ratings<sup>(4)</sup>.

#### **Financial Results**

- Total revenue was \$80.4 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, compared to \$96.7 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2017.
- Net income attributable to common stockholders was \$6.3 million or \$0.04 per basic and diluted share for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, compared to \$13.7 million or \$0.08 per basic and diluted share for the quarter ended March 31, 2017. The decrease was primarily due to termination income recognized during the first quarter of 2017, the sale of two properties, One Century Plaza and DreamWorks in the fourth quarter of 2017, and terminations/expired leases subsequent to March 31, 2017, offset by the acquisition of the LPL Holdings property (two buildings) in the fourth quarter of 2017.
- The ratio of debt to total real estate acquisition value as of March 31, 2018 was 48.2%<sup>(1)</sup>.

#### **Non-GAAP Measures**

- Adjusted funds from operations, or AFFO, was approximately \$34.4 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, compared to approximately \$38.2 million for the same period in 2017. Funds from operations, or FFO<sup>(5)</sup>, was approximately \$34.6 million and \$51.2 million for the quarters ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Please see the financial reconciliation tables and notes at the end of this release for more information regarding AFFO and FFO.
- Our Adjusted EBITDA, as defined per our credit facility agreement, was approximately \$54.8 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 with a fixed charge and interest coverage ratio of 3.70 and 4.20, respectively. Please see the financial reconciliation tables and notes at the end of this release for more information regarding adjusted EBITDA and related ratios.

#### **Subsequent Events**

- On April 10, 2018, the REIT acquired two, two-story, Class "A" office buildings totaling approximately 271,085 square feet situated on a 30.87-acre site located in Scottsdale, Arizona (the "McKesson Property"). The purchase price for the McKesson Property was \$67.0 million, plus closing costs. The acquisition of the McKesson Property serves as a replacement property under our 1031 exchange, related to the REIT's recent sale of DreamWorks.
- On May 3, 2018, the REIT acquired a Class "A" Industrial building totaling approximately 1,001,508 square feet situated on a 69.54-acre site located in Savannah, Georgia (the "Shaw Industries Property"). The purchase price for the Shaw Industries Property was \$56.6 million, plus closing costs. The acquisition of the Shaw Industries Property serves as the final replacement property under our 1031 exchange of DreamWorks.
- In April, we executed two lease renewals totaling 333,833 square feet.

#### **About Griffin Capital Essential Asset REIT**

Griffin Capital Essential Asset REIT, Inc. is a publicly-registered, non-traded REIT with a portfolio, as of March 31, 2018, of 74 office and industrial properties totaling 18.8 million rentable square feet, located in 20 states, representing total REIT capitalization of approximately \$3.2 billion. Griffin Capital Essential Asset REIT, Inc. is one of several REITs sponsored or cosponsored by Griffin Capital Company, LLC ("Griffin Capital").

#### **About Griffin Capital Company, LLC**

Griffin Capital is a leading alternative investment asset manager with approximately \$10.3 billion\* in assets under management. Founded in 1995, the privately-held firm is led by a seasoned team of senior executives with more than two decades of investment and real estate experience and who collectively have executed more than 650 transactions valued at over \$22 billion. Additional information is available at <a href="https://www.griffincapital.com">www.griffincapital.com</a>.

\* As of March 31, 2018.

This press release may contain certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such forward-looking statements can generally be identified by our use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "believe," "continue," or other similar words. Because such statements include risks, uncertainties and contingencies, actual results may differ materially from the expectations, intentions, beliefs, plans or predictions of the future expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks, uncertainties and contingencies include, but are not limited to: uncertainties relating to changes in general economic and real estate conditions; uncertainties relating to the implementation of our real estate investment strategy; uncertainties relating to financing availability and capital proceeds; uncertainties relating to the closing of property acquisitions; uncertainties related to the timing and availability of distributions; and other risk factors as outlined in the REIT's Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). This is neither an offer nor a solicitation to purchase securities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes the property information related to the acquisition of an 80% ownership interest in a joint venture with affiliates of Digital Realty Trust, L.P.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Total capitalization includes the outstanding debt balance plus total equity raised and issued, including operating partnership units, net of redemptions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Net rent is based on (a) the contractual base rental payments assuming the lease requires the tenant to reimburse us for certain operating expenses or the property is self-managed by the tenant and the tenant is responsible for all, or substantially all, of the operating expenses; or (b) contractual rent payments less certain operating expenses that are our responsibility for the 12-month period subsequent to March 31, 2018 and includes assumptions that may not be indicative of the actual future performance of a property, including the assumption that the tenant will perform its obligations under its lease agreement during the next 12 months.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Approximately 60.5% of our portfolio's net rental revenue was generated by properties leased to tenants and/or guarantors or whose non-guarantor parent companies have investment grade ratings or what management believes are generally equivalent ratings. Of the 60.5% investment grade tenant ratings, 56.3% is from a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO) credit rating, with the remaining 4.3% being from a non-NRSRO, but having a rating that we believe is generally equivalent to an NRSRO investment grade rating. Bloomberg's default risk rating is an example of a non-NRSRO rating.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> FFO, as described by NAREIT, is adjusted for non-controlling interest distributions.

# GRIFFIN CAPITAL ESSENTIAL ASSET REIT, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited; in thousands, except share amounts)

	March 31, 2018		· ·	December 31, 2017		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	48,938	\$	40,735		
Restricted cash		110,205		174,132		
Real estate:						
Land		347,457		342,021		
Building and improvements		2,076,093		2,024,865		
Tenant origination and absorption cost		499,752		495,364		
Construction in progress		13,346		7,078		
Total real estate		2,936,648		2,869,328		
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(453,507)		(426,752		
Total real estate, net		2,483,141		2,442,576		
Investments in unconsolidated entities		34,894		37,114		
Intangible assets, net		17,051		18,269		
Deferred rent		48,895		46,591		
Deferred leasing costs, net		20,222		19,755		
Other assets		27,313		24,238		
Total assets	\$	2,790,659	\$	2,803,410		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			· <del></del>			
Debt:						
Mortgages payable	\$	646,419	\$	666,920		
Term Loan		712,007		711,697		
Revolver Loan		26,721		7,467		
Total debt		1,385,147		1,386,084		
Restricted reserves		8,894		8,701		
Redemptions payable		64,432		20,382		
Distributions payable		6,642		6,409		
Due to affiliates		3,725		3,545		
Below market leases, net		22,629		23,581		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		61,593		64,133		
Total liabilities		1,553,062		1,512,835		
Commitments and contingencies		_,,,,,,,,		_,,,		
Noncontrolling interests subject to redemption; 531,000 units eligible towards redemption as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017		4,887		4,887		
Common stock subject to redemption		1,249		33,877		
Stockholders' equity:						
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value; 700,000,000 shares authorized; 172,043,872 and 170,906,111 shares outstanding, as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017,		472		474		
respectively		172		171		
Additional paid-in capital		1,561,713		1,561,694		
Cumulative distributions		(483,835)		(454,526		
Accumulated earnings		117,226		110,907		
Accumulated other comprehensive income		5,804		2,460		
Total stockholders' equity		1,201,080		1,220,706		
Noncontrolling interests		30,381		31,105		
Total equity		1,231,461		1,251,811		
Total liabilities and equity	\$	2,790,659	\$	2,803,410		

# GRIFFIN CAPITAL ESSENTIAL ASSET REIT, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited; in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

		Three Months Ended March 31,		
		2018		2017
Revenue:				
Rental income	\$	60,085	\$	66,099
Lease termination income		2,702		12,845
Property expense recoveries		17,612		17,764
Total revenue	<u></u>	80,399		96,708
Expenses:				
Asset management fees to affiliates		5,708		5,933
Property management fees to affiliates		2,312		2,528
Property operating expense		11,323		12,004
Property tax expense		11,019		11,013
General and administrative expenses		1,442		1,544
Corporate operating expenses to affiliates		834		628
Depreciation and amortization		27,319		30,596
Impairment provision		_		5,675
Total expenses		59,957		69,921
Income before other income and (expenses)		20,442		26,787
Other income (expenses):				
Interest expense		(13,337)		(12,068
Other income		55		99
Loss from investment in unconsolidated entities		(519)		(512
Net income		6,641		14,306
Net (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests		(234)		(492
Net income attributable to controlling interest		6,407		13,814
Distributions to redeemable noncontrolling interests attributable to common stockholders		(88)		(88
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	6,319	\$	13,726
Net income attributable to common stockholders per share, basic and diluted	\$	0.04	\$	0.08
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted		171,300,001		176,032,879
Distributions declared per common share	\$	0.17	\$	0.17

#### **GRIFFIN CAPITAL ESSENTIAL ASSET REIT, INC.**

### Funds from Operations and Adjusted Funds from Operations

(Unaudited; in thousands)

#### **Funds from Operations and Adjusted Funds from Operations**

Our management believes that historical cost accounting for real estate assets in accordance with GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry investors and analysts have considered the presentation of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting to be insufficient.

Management is responsible for managing interest rate, hedge and foreign exchange risks. To achieve our objectives, we may borrow at fixed rates or variable rates. In order to mitigate our interest rate risk on certain financial instruments, if any, we may enter into interest rate cap agreements or other hedge instruments and in order to mitigate our risk to foreign currency exposure, if any, we may enter into foreign currency hedges. We view fair value adjustments of derivatives, impairment charges and gains and losses from dispositions of assets as non-recurring items or items which are unrealized and may not ultimately be realized, and which are not reflective of ongoing operations and are therefore typically adjusted for when assessing operating performance.

In order to provide a more complete understanding of the operating performance of a REIT, the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") promulgated a measure known as funds from operations ("FFO"). FFO is defined as net income or loss computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding extraordinary items, as defined by GAAP, and gains and losses from sales of depreciable operating property, adding back asset impairment write-downs, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs and depreciation of non-real estate assets), and after adjustment for unconsolidated partnerships, joint ventures and preferred distributions. Because FFO calculations exclude such items as depreciation and amortization of real estate assets and gains and losses from sales of operating real estate assets (which can vary among owners of identical assets in similar conditions based on historical cost accounting and useful-life estimates), they facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and between other REITs. As a result, we believe that the use of FFO, together with the required GAAP presentations, provides a more complete understanding of our performance relative to our competitors and a more informed and appropriate basis on which to make decisions involving operating, financing, and investing activities. It should be noted, however, that other REITs may not define FFO in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or may interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than we do, making comparisons less meaningful.

Beginning with the three months ended March 31, 2018, we are now using Adjusted Funds from Operations ("AFFO") as a non-GAAP financial measure to evaluate our operating performance. We previously used Modified Funds from Operations as a non-GAAP measure of operating performance. Management decided to replace the Modified Funds from Operations measure with AFFO because AFFO provides investors with supplemental performance information that is consistent with the performance models and analysis used by management. We also believe that AFFO is a recognized measure of sustainable operating performance by the REIT industry. Further, we believe AFFO is useful in comparing the sustainability of our operating performance with the sustainability of the operating performance of other real estate companies.

Management believes that AFFO is a beneficial indicator of our ongoing portfolio performance and ability to sustain our current distribution level. More specifically, AFFO isolates the financial results of the REIT's operations. AFFO, however, is not considered an appropriate measure of historical earnings as it excludes certain significant costs that are otherwise included in reported earnings. Further, since the measure is based on historical financial information, AFFO for the period presented may not be indicative of future results or our future ability to pay our distributions. By providing FFO and AFFO, we present information that assists investors in aligning their analysis with management's analysis of long-term operating activities. As

explained below, management's evaluation of our operating performance excludes items considered in the calculation of AFFO based on the following economic considerations:

- Straight-line rent. Most of our leases provide for periodic minimum rent payment increases throughout the term of the lease. In accordance with GAAP, these periodic minimum rent payment increases during the term of a lease are recorded to rental revenue on a straight-line basis in order to reconcile the difference between accrual and cash basis accounting. As straight-line rent is a GAAP non-cash adjustment and is included in historical earnings, FFO is adjusted for the effect of straight-line rent to arrive at AFFO as a means of determining operating results of our portfolio.
- Amortization of in-place lease valuation. Acquired in-place leases are valued as above-market or below-market as of the date of acquisition based on the present value of the difference between (a) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the in-place leases and (b) management's estimate of fair market lease rates for the corresponding in-place leases over a period equal to the remaining non-cancelable term of the lease for above-market leases. The above-market and below-market lease values are capitalized as intangible lease assets or liabilities and amortized as an adjustment to rental income over the remaining terms of the respective leases. As this item is a non-cash adjustment and is included in historical earnings, FFO is adjusted for the effect of the amortization of in-place lease valuation to arrive at AFFO as a means of determining operating results of our portfolio.
- Acquisition-related costs. We were organized primarily with the purpose of acquiring or investing in income-producing real property in order to generate operational income and cash flow that will allow us to provide regular cash distributions to our stockholders. In the process, we incur non-reimbursable affiliated and non-affiliated acquisition-related costs, which in accordance with GAAP are capitalized and included as part of the relative fair value when the property acquisition meets the definition of an asset acquisition or are expensed as incurred and are included in the determination of income (loss) from operations and net income (loss), for property acquisitions accounted for as a business combination. By excluding acquisition-related costs, AFFO may not provide an accurate indicator of our operating performance during periods in which acquisitions are made. However, it can provide an indication of our ongoing ability to generate cash flow from operations and continue as a going concern after we cease to acquire properties on a frequent and regular basis, which can be compared to the AFFO of other non-listed REITs that have completed their acquisition activity and have similar operating characteristics to ours. Management believes that excluding these costs from AFFO provides investors with supplemental performance information that is consistent with the performance models and analyses used by management.
- Financed termination fee, net of payments received. We believe that a fee received from a tenant for terminating a lease is appropriately included as a component of rental revenue and therefore included in AFFO. If, however, the termination fee is to be paid over time, we believe the recognition of such termination fee into income should not be included in AFFO. Alternatively, we believe that the periodic amount paid by the tenant in subsequent periods to satisfy the termination fee obligation should be included in AFFO.
- Gain or loss from the extinguishment of debt. We use debt as a partial source of capital to acquire properties in our portfolio. As a term of obtaining this debt, we will pay financing costs to the respective lender. Financing costs are presented on the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts and amortized into interest expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the debt. We consider the amortization expense to be a component of operations if the debt was used to acquire properties. From time to time, we may cancel certain debt obligations and replace these canceled debt obligations with new debt at more favorable terms to us. In doing so, we are required to write off the remaining capitalized financing costs associated with the canceled debt, which we consider to be a cost, or loss, on extinguishing such debt. Management believes that this loss is considered an event not associated with our operations, and therefore, deems this write off to be an exclusion from AFFO.
- Unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments. These adjustments include unrealized gains (losses) from mark-to-market adjustments on interest rate swaps and losses due to hedge ineffectiveness. The change in the fair value of

interest rate swaps not designated as a hedge and the change in the fair value of the ineffective portion of interest rate swaps are non-cash adjustments recognized directly in earnings and are included in interest expense. We have excluded these adjustments in our calculation of AFFO to more appropriately reflect the economic impact of our interest rate swap agreements.

For all of these reasons, we believe the non-GAAP measures of FFO and AFFO, in addition to income (loss) from operations, net income (loss) and cash flows from operating activities, as defined by GAAP, are helpful supplemental performance measures and useful to investors in evaluating the performance of our real estate portfolio. However, a material limitation associated with FFO and AFFO is that they are not indicative of our cash available to fund distributions since other uses of cash, such as capital expenditures at our properties and principal payments of debt, are not deducted when calculating FFO and AFFO. The use of AFFO as a measure of long-term operating performance on value is also limited if we do not continue to operate under our current business plan as noted above. AFFO is useful in assisting management and investors in assessing our ongoing ability to generate cash flow from operations and continue as a going concern in future operating periods, and in particular, after the offering and acquisition stages are complete. However, FFO and AFFO are not useful measures in evaluating NAV because impairments are taken into account in determining NAV but not in determining FFO and AFFO. Therefore, FFO and AFFO should not be viewed as a more prominent measure of performance than income (loss) from operations, net income (loss) or to cash flows from operating activities and each should be reviewed in connection with GAAP measurements.

Neither the SEC, NAREIT, nor any other applicable regulatory body has opined on the acceptability of the adjustments contemplated to adjust FFO in order to calculate AFFO and its use as a non-GAAP performance measure. In the future, the SEC or NAREIT may decide to standardize the allowable exclusions across the REIT industry, and we may have to adjust the calculation and characterization of this non-GAAP measure.

Our calculation of FFO and AFFO is presented in the following table for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2018		2017
Net income	\$	6,641	\$	14,306
Adjustments:				
Depreciation of building and improvements		13,779		14,085
Amortization of leasing costs and intangibles		13,533		16,504
Impairment provision		_		5,675
Equity interest of depreciation of building and improvements - unconsolidated entities		634		618
Equity interest of amortization of intangible assets - unconsolidated entities		1,162		1,176
FFO	\$	35,749	\$	52,364
Distributions to noncontrolling interest		(1,168)		(1,168)
FFO, net of noncontrolling interest distributions	\$	34,581	\$	51,196
Reconciliation of FFO to AFFO:				-
FFO, net of noncontrolling interest distributions	\$	34,581	\$	51,196
Adjustments:				
Revenues in excess of cash received (straight-line rents)		(2,304)		(2,584)
Amortization of above/(below) market rent		(244)		405
Amortization of debt premium/(discount)		8		(438)
Amortization of ground leasehold interests		7		7
Revenues in excess of cash received		_		(12,845)
Financed termination fee payments received		1,606		1,896
Equity interest of revenues in excess of cash received (straight-line rents) - unconsolidated entities		(31)		(137)
Unrealized (gain) on derivatives		_		(17)
Equity interest of amortization of above market rent - unconsolidated entities		739		744
AFFO	\$	34,362	\$	38,227

# GRIFFIN CAPITAL ESSENTIAL ASSET REIT, INC. Adjusted EBITDA

(Unaudited; dollars in thousands)

Three Months Ended March 31,

	2018	2017	
ADJUSTED EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup> :			
Net income	\$ 6,641 \$	14,306	
Depreciation and amortization	27,319	30,596	
Interest expense	12,543	11,745	
Amortization - Deferred financing costs	787	761	
Amortization - Debt premium	8	(438)	
Amortization - In-place lease	(244)	405	
Income taxes	216	384	
Asset management fees	5,708	5,933	
Property management fees	2,312	2,528	
Deferred rent	(2,304)	(2,584)	
Extraordinary Losses or Gains:			
Termination fee	_	(12,845)	
Loss on Impairment	_	5,675	
Equity percentage of net (income) loss for the Parent's non-wholly owned direct and indirect subsidiaries	519	512	
Equity percentage of EBITDA for the Parent's non-wholly owned direct and indirect subsidiaries	2,186	2,126	
	 55,691	59,104	
Less: Capital reserves	(889)	(923)	
Adjusted EBITDA (per credit facility)	\$ 54,802 \$	58,181	
Principal paid and due	\$ 1,761 \$	1,168	
Interest expense	 13,035	12,325	
	\$ 14,796 \$	13,493	
Interest Coverage Ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	4.20	4.72	

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjusted EBITDA, as defined in our credit facility agreement, is calculated as net income before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), plus acquisition fees and expenses, asset and property management fees, straight-line rents and in-place lease amortization for the period, further adjusted for acquisitions that have closed during the quarter and certain reserves for capital expenditures.

<sup>(2)</sup> Interest coverage is the ratio of interest expense as if the corresponding debt was in place at the beginning of the period to adjusted EBITDA.

<sup>(3)</sup> Fixed charge coverage is the ratio of principal amortization for the period plus interest expense as if the corresponding debt were in place at the beginning of the period plus preferred unit distributions as if in place at the beginning of the period over adjusted EBITDA.