EXHIBIT 99.1



For Immediate Release: August 15, 2018 Media Contacts:

Jennifer Nahas Griffin Capital Company, LLC jnahas@griffincapital.com Office Phone: 949-270-9332

Joseph Kuo / Julius Buchanan **Haven Tower Group LLC** jkuo@haventower.com or jbuchanan@haventower.com 424-652-6520 ext. 101 or ext. 114

Griffin Capital Essential Asset REIT Reports 2018 Second Quarter Results

-Acquisitions of Key Properties, Solid Renewals Highlight the Second Quarter-

EL SEGUNDO, Calif. (August 15, 2018) - Griffin Capital Essential Asset REIT, Inc. (the "REIT") announced its results for the quarter ended June 30, 2018.

"In the second quarter of 2018, we completed the 1031 exchange of the DreamWorks campus with acquisitions of the McKesson property in Scottsdale, AZ and the Shaw Industries facility in Port Wentworth (Savannah), GA," said Chairman and CEO of the REIT, Kevin Shields. "We renewed five leases for approximately 1.8 million square feet, of which four leases totaling approximately 382,000 square feet were long-term extensions, and one lease for approximately 1.4 million square feet is a short-term extension. We believe these actions further solidify our existing portfolio of business-essential assets and puts us in a strong position to continue generating income for our shareholders."

As of June 30, 2018, the REIT's portfolio⁽¹⁾ consisted of 76 assets encompassing approximately 20.1 million rentable square feet of space in 20 states.

Highlights and Accomplishments in Second Quarter 2018 and Results as of June 30, 2018:

Portfolio Overview

- On April 10, 2018, we acquired two, two-story, Class "A" office buildings located in Scottsdale, AZ, consisting of 271,085 square feet for approximately \$67.0 million.
- On May 3, 2018, we acquired a Class "A" Industrial building located in Savannah, GA, consisting of 1,001,508 square feet for approximately \$56.5 million.
- During the quarter ended June 30, 2018, we renewed four leases totaling approximately 381,725 square feet with lease expiration dates subsequent to June 30, 2019 and one lease totaling approximately 1,380,070 square feet with a lease expiration date less than one year.

- The total capitalization of our portfolio as of June 30, 2018 was \$3.2 billion⁽²⁾.
- Our weighted average remaining lease term was approximately 6.5 years with average annual rent increases of approximately 2.1%.
- Approximately 62.0% of our portfolio's net rental revenue⁽³⁾ was generated by properties leased to tenants and/or guarantors with investment grade credit ratings or whose non-guarantor parent companies have investment grade credit ratings⁽⁴⁾.

Financial Results

- Total revenue was \$86.0 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2018, compared to \$82.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2017.
- Net income attributable to common stockholders was \$7.4 million or \$0.04 per basic and diluted share for the quarter ended June 30, 2018, compared to \$8.8 million or \$0.05 per basic and diluted share for the quarter ended June 30, 2017.
- The ratio of debt to total real estate acquisition value as of June 30, 2018 was 48.8%⁽¹⁾.

Non-GAAP Measures

- Adjusted funds from operations, or AFFO, was approximately \$33.3 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2018, compared to approximately \$39.0 million for the same period in 2017. Funds from operations, or FFO⁽⁵⁾, was approximately \$39.1 million and \$35.4 million for the quarters ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Please see the financial reconciliation tables and notes at the end of this release for more information regarding AFFO and FFO.
- Our Adjusted EBITDA, as defined per our credit facility agreement, was approximately \$59.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2018 with a fixed charge and interest coverage ratio of 3.94 and 4.39, respectively. Please see the financial reconciliation tables and notes at the end of this release for more information regarding adjusted EBITDA and related ratios.

Subsequent Events

• On August 8, 2018, we issued 5,000,000 shares of our newly authorized Series A Cumulative Perpetual Convertible Preferred Stock in a private offering for a total purchase price of \$125.0 million.

About Griffin Capital Essential Asset REIT

Griffin Capital Essential Asset REIT, Inc. is a publicly-registered, non-traded REIT with a portfolio, as of June 30, 2018, of 76 office and industrial properties totaling 20.1 million rentable square feet, located in 20 states, representing total REIT capitalization of approximately \$3.2 billion. Griffin Capital Essential Asset REIT, Inc. is one of several REITs sponsored or co-sponsored by Griffin Capital Company, LLC ("Griffin Capital").

About Griffin Capital Company, LLC

Griffin Capital is a leading alternative investment asset manager with \$10.75 billion* in assets under management. Founded in 1995, the privately held firm is led by a seasoned team of senior executives with more than two decades of investment and real estate experience and who collectively have executed more than 650 transactions valued at over \$22.0 billion.

The firm manages, sponsors or co-sponsors a suite of carefully curated, institutional quality investment solutions distributed by Griffin Capital Securities, LLC to retail investors through a community of partners, including independent and insurance broker-dealers, wirehouses, registered investment advisory firms and the financial advisors who work with these enterprises. Additional information is available at www.griffincapital.com.

*Includes the property information related to interests held in certain joint ventures. As of June 30, 2018.

This press release may contain certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such forward-looking statements can generally be identified by our use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "believe," "continue," or other similar words. Because such statements include risks, uncertainties and contingencies, actual results may differ materially from the expectations, intentions, beliefs, plans or predictions of the future expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks, uncertainties and contingencies include, but are not limited to: uncertainties relating to changes in general economic and real estate conditions; uncertainties relating to the implementation of our real estate investment strategy; uncertainties relating to financing availability and capital proceeds; uncertainties relating to the closing of property acquisitions; uncertainties related to the timing and availability of distributions; and other risk factors as outlined in the REIT's Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). This is neither an offer nor a solicitation to purchase securities.

¹ Excludes the property information related to the acquisition of an 80% ownership interest in a joint venture with affiliates of Digital Realty Trust, L.P.

² Total capitalization includes the outstanding debt balance plus total equity raised and issued, including operating partnership units, net of redemptions.

³ Net rent is based on (a) the contractual base rental payments assuming the lease requires the tenant to reimburse us for certain operating expenses or the property is self-managed by the tenant and the tenant is responsible for all, or substantially all, of the operating expenses; or (b) contractual rent payments less certain operating expenses that are our responsibility for the 12-month period subsequent to June 30, 2018 and includes assumptions that may not be indicative of the actual future performance of a property, including the assumption that the tenant will perform its obligations under its lease agreement during the next 12 months.

⁴ Approximately 62.0% of our portfolio's net rental revenue was generated by properties leased to tenants and/or guarantors with investment grade credit ratings or whose non-guarantor parent companies have investment grade ratings or what management believes are generally equivalent ratings. Of the 62.0% investment grade tenant ratings, 54.8% is from a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO) credit rating, with the remaining 7.2% being from a non-NRSRO, but having a rating that we believe is generally equivalent to an NRSRO investment grade rating. Bloomberg's default risk rating is an example of a non-NRSRO rating. ⁵ FFO, as described by NAREIT, is adjusted for non-controlling interest distributions.

GRIFFIN CAPITAL ESSENTIAL ASSET REIT, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited; in thousands, except share amounts)

		June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,245	\$ 40,735
Restricted cash		18,202	174,132
Real estate:			
Land		353,008	342,021
Building and improvements		2,170,571	2,024,865
Tenant origination and absorption cost		532,700	495,364
Construction in progress		17,663	7,078
Total real estate		3,073,942	2,869,328
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(484,310)	(426,752)
Total real estate, net		2,589,632	2,442,576
Investments in unconsolidated entities		35,872	37,114
Intangible assets, net		14,799	18,269
Deferred rent		52,039	46,591
Deferred leasing costs, net		20,923	19,755
Other assets		31,674	24,238
Total assets	\$	2,799,386	\$ 2,803,410
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Debt, net	\$	1,461,403	\$ 1,386,084
Restricted reserves		9,012	8,701
Redemptions payable		29,638	20,382
Distributions payable		6,205	6,409
Due to affiliates		4,732	3,545
Below market leases, net		26,361	23,581
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		64,355	64,133
Total liabilities		1,601,706	1,512,835
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)			
Noncontrolling interests subject to redemption; 531,000 units eligible towards redemption as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017		4,887	4,887
Common stock subject to redemption		-	33,877
Stockholders' equity:			
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value; 700,000,000 shares authorized; 166,468,160 and 170,906,111 shares outstanding, as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively		166	171
Additional paid-in capital		1,544,734	1,561,694
Cumulative distributions		(512,885)	(454,526)
Accumulated earnings		124,657	110,907
Accumulated other comprehensive income		6,526	2,460
Total stockholders' equity		1,163,198	1,220,706
Noncontrolling interests		29,595	31,105
Total equity	-	1,192,793	1,251,811
Total liabilities and equity	\$	2,799,386	
	-	,,,	,,

GRIFFIN CAPITAL ESSENTIAL ASSET REIT, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited; in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Th	ree Months	ed June 30,	Six Months End			ded June 30,	
		2018		2017		2018		2017
Revenue:								
Rental income	\$	61,488	\$	65,111	\$	121,573	\$	131,210
Lease termination income		6,304		_		9,006		12,845
Property expense recoveries		18,199		17,661	_	35,811		35,425
Total revenue		85,991		82,772		166,390		179,480
Expenses:								
Property operating expense		11,682		11,750		23,005		23,754
Property tax expense		11,140		11,536		22,159		22,549
Asset management fees to affiliates		5,947		5,932		11,655		11,865
Property management fees to affiliates		2,234		2,538		4,546		5,066
General and administrative expenses		1,489		2,700		2,931		4,244
Corporate operating expenses to affiliates		848		679		1,682		1,307
Depreciation and amortization		31,843		29,952		59,162		60,548
Impairment provision		_		-		-		5,675
Total expenses		65,183		65,087		125,140		135,008
Income before other income and (expenses)		20,808		17,685		41,250		44,472
Other income (expenses):								
Interest expense		(13,753)		(12,472)		(27,090)		(24,540)
Other income		105		136		160		235
Loss from investment in unconsolidated entities		(519)		(482)		(1,038)		(994)
Gain from disposition of assets		1,158		4,293		1,158		4,293
Net income		7,799		9,160		14,440		23,466
Net (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests		(280)		(316)		(514)		(808)
Net income attributable to controlling interest		7,519		8,844		13,926		22,658
Distributions to redeemable noncontrolling interests attributable to common stockholders		(88)		(88)		(176)		(176)
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	7,431	\$	8,756	\$	13,750	\$	22,482
Net income attributable to common stockholders per share, basic and diluted	\$	0.04	\$	0.05	\$	0.08	\$	0.13
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	1	67,866,188		175,048,607		169,573,603		175,359,706
Distributions declared per common share	\$	0.17	\$	0.17	\$	0.34	\$	0.34

GRIFFIN CAPITAL ESSENTIAL ASSET REIT, INC. Funds from Operations and Adjusted Funds from Operations (Unaudited; in thousands)

Funds from Operations and Adjusted Funds from Operations

Our management believes that historical cost accounting for real estate assets in accordance with GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry investors and analysts have considered the presentation of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting to be insufficient.

Management is responsible for managing interest rate, hedge and foreign exchange risks. To achieve our objectives, we may borrow at fixed rates or variable rates. In order to mitigate our interest rate risk on certain financial instruments, if any, we may enter into interest rate cap agreements or other hedge instruments and in order to mitigate our risk to foreign currency exposure, if any, we may enter into foreign currency hedges. We view fair value adjustments of derivatives, impairment charges and gains and losses from dispositions of assets as non-recurring items or items which are unrealized and may not ultimately be realized, and which are not reflective of ongoing operations and are therefore typically adjusted for when assessing operating performance.

In order to provide a more complete understanding of the operating performance of a REIT, the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") promulgated a measure known as funds from operations ("FFO"). FFO is defined as net income or loss computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding extraordinary items, as defined by GAAP, and gains and losses from sales of depreciable operating property, adding back asset impairment write-downs, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs and depreciation of non-real estate assets), and after adjustment for unconsolidated partnerships, joint ventures and preferred distributions. Because FFO calculations exclude such items as depreciation and amortization of real estate assets and gains and losses from sales of operating real estate assets (which can vary among owners of identical assets in similar conditions based on historical cost accounting and useful-life estimates), they facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and between other REITs. As a result, we believe that the use of FFO, together with the required GAAP presentations, provides a more complete understanding of our performance relative to our competitors and a more informed and appropriate basis on which to make decisions involving operating, financing, and investing activities. It should be noted, however, that other REITs may not define FFO in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or may interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than we do, making comparisons less meaningful.

Beginning with the three months ended March 31, 2018, we are now using Adjusted Funds from Operations ("AFFO") as a non-GAAP financial measure to evaluate our operating performance. We previously used Modified Funds from Operations as a non-GAAP measure of operating performance. Management decided to replace the Modified Funds from Operations measure with AFFO because AFFO provides investors with supplemental performance information that is consistent with the performance models and analysis used by management. In addition, AFFO is a measure used among our peer group, which includes publicly traded REITs. We also believe that AFFO is a recognized measure of sustainable operating performance by the REIT industry. Further, we believe AFFO is useful in comparing the sustainability of our operating performance with the sustainability of the operating performance of other real estate companies.

Management believes that AFFO is a beneficial indicator of our ongoing portfolio performance and ability to sustain our current distribution level. More specifically, AFFO isolates the financial results of the Company's operations. AFFO, however, is not considered an appropriate measure of historical earnings as it excludes certain significant costs that are otherwise included in reported earnings. Further, since the measure is based on historical financial information, AFFO for the period presented may not be indicative of future results or our future ability to pay our dividends. By providing FFO and AFFO, we present information that assists investors in aligning their analysis with management's analysis of long-term operating

activities. As explained below, management's evaluation of our operating performance excludes items considered in the calculation of AFFO based on the following economic considerations:

- Deferred rent. Most of our leases provide for periodic minimum rent payment increases throughout the term of the lease. In accordance with GAAP, these periodic minimum rent payment increases during the term of a lease are recorded on a straight-line basis and creates deferred rent. As deferred rent is a GAAP non-cash adjustment and is included in historical earnings, FFO is adjusted for the effect of deferred rent to arrive at AFFO as a means of determining operating results of our portfolio.
- Amortization of in-place lease valuation. Acquired in-place leases are valued as above-market or below-market as of the date of acquisition based on the present value of the difference between (a) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the in-place leases and (b) management's estimate of fair market lease rates for the corresponding in-place leases over a period equal to the remaining non-cancelable term of the lease for above-market leases. The above-market and below-market lease values are capitalized as intangible lease assets or liabilities and amortized as an adjustment to rental income over the remaining terms of the respective leases. As this item is a non-cash adjustment and is included in historical earnings, FFO is adjusted for the effect of the amortization of in-place lease valuation to arrive at AFFO as a means of determining operating results of our portfolio.
- Acquisition-related costs. We were organized primarily with the purpose of acquiring or investing in income-producing real property in order to generate operational income and cash flow that will allow us to provide regular cash distributions to our stockholders. In the process, we incur non-reimbursable affiliated and non-affiliated acquisition-related costs, which in accordance with GAAP are capitalized and included as part of the relative fair value when the property acquisition meets the definition of an asset acquisition or are expensed as incurred and are included in the determination of income (loss) from operations and net income (loss), for property acquisitions accounted for as a business combination. By excluding acquisition-related costs, AFFO may not provide an accurate indicator of our operating performance during periods in which acquisitions are made. However, it can provide an indication of our on-going ability to generate cash flow from operations and continue as a going concern after we cease to acquire properties on a frequent and regular basis, which can be compared to the AFFO of other non-listed REITs that have completed their acquisition activity and have similar operating characteristics to ours. Management believes that excluding these costs from AFFO provides investors with supplemental performance information that is consistent with the performance models and analyses used by management.
- Financed termination fee, net of payments received. We believe that a fee received from a tenant for terminating a lease is appropriately included as a component of rental revenue and therefore included in AFFO. If, however, the termination fee is to be paid over time, we believe the recognition of such termination fee into income should not be included in AFFO. Alternatively, we believe that the periodic amount paid by the tenant in subsequent periods to satisfy the termination fee obligation should be included in AFFO.
- Gain or loss from the extinguishment of debt. We use debt as a partial source of capital to acquire properties in our portfolio. As a term of obtaining this debt, we will pay financing costs to the respective lender. Financing costs are presented on the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts and amortized into interest expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the debt. We consider the amortization expense to be a component of operations if the debt was used to acquire properties. From time to time, we may cancel certain debt obligations and replace these canceled debt obligations with new debt at more favorable terms to us. In doing so, we are required to write off the remaining capitalized financing costs associated with the canceled debt, which we consider to be a cost, or loss, on extinguishing such debt. Management believes that this loss is considered an event not associated with our operations, and therefore, deems this write off to be an exclusion from AFFO.
- Unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments. These adjustments include unrealized gains (losses) from mark-tomarket adjustments on interest rate swaps and losses due to hedge ineffectiveness. The change in the fair value of

interest rate swaps not designated as a hedge and the change in the fair value of the ineffective portion of interest rate swaps are non-cash adjustments recognized directly in earnings and are included in interest expense. We have excluded these adjustments in our calculation of AFFO to more appropriately reflect the economic impact of our interest rate swap agreements.

For all of these reasons, we believe the non-GAAP measures of FFO and AFFO, in addition to income (loss) from operations, net income (loss) and cash flows from operating activities, as defined by GAAP, are helpful supplemental performance measures and useful to investors in evaluating the performance of our real estate portfolio. However, a material limitation associated with FFO and AFFO is that they are not indicative of our cash available to fund distributions since other uses of cash, such as capital expenditures at our properties and principal payments of debt, are not deducted when calculating FFO and AFFO. The use of AFFO as a measure of long-term operating performance on value is also limited if we do not continue to operate under our current business plan as noted above. AFFO is useful in assisting management and investors in assessing our ongoing ability to generate cash flow from operations and continue as a going concern in future operating periods, and in particular, after the offering and acquisition stages are complete. However, FFO and AFFO are not useful measures in evaluating NAV because impairments are taken into account in determining NAV but not in determining FFO and AFFO. Therefore, FFO and AFFO should not be viewed as a more prominent measure of performance than income (loss) from operations, net income (loss) or to cash flows from operating activities and each should be reviewed in connection with GAAP measurements.

Neither the SEC, NAREIT, nor any other applicable regulatory body has opined on the acceptability of the adjustments contemplated to adjust FFO in order to calculate AFFO and its use as a non-GAAP performance measure. In the future, the SEC or NAREIT may decide to standardize the allowable exclusions across the REIT industry, and we may have to adjust the calculation and characterization of this non-GAAP measure.

Our calculation of FFO and AFFO is presented in the following table for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 3			
		2018		2017		2018		2017	
Net income	\$	7,799	\$	9,160	\$	14,440	\$	23,466	
Adjustments:									
Depreciation of building and improvements		14,620		14,211		28,399		28,296	
Amortization of leasing costs and intangibles		17,216		15,734		30,749		32,238	
Impairment provision		_		_		_		5,675	
Equity interest of depreciation of building and improvements - unconsolidated entities		643		619		1,277		1,237	
Equity interest of amortization of intangible assets - unconsolidated entities		1,162		1,171		2,324		2,347	
Gain from sale of depreciable operating property		(1,158)		(4,293)		(1,158)		(4,293)	
FFO	\$	40,282	\$	36,602	\$	76,031	\$	88,966	
Distributions to noncontrolling interest		(1,181)		(1,181)		(2,349)		(2,349)	
FFO, net of noncontrolling interest distributions	\$	39,101	\$	35,421	\$	73,682	\$	86,617	
Reconciliation of FFO to AFFO:									
FFO, net of noncontrolling interest distributions	\$	39,101	\$	35,421	\$	73,682	\$	86,617	
Adjustments:									
Deferred rent		(2,883)		(2,481)		(5,187)		(5 <i>,</i> 065)	
Amortization of above/(below) market rent		772		316		528		721	
Amortization of debt premium/(discount)		8		8		16		(430)	
Amortization of ground leasehold interests		7		7		14		14	
Non-cash lease termination income		(6,304)		_		(6,304)		(12,845)	
Financed termination fee payments received		1,830		5,070		3,436		6,966	
Equity interest of revenues in excess of cash received (straight-line rents) unconsolidated entities	-	(7)		(112)		(38)		(249)	
Unrealized (gain) loss on derivatives		—		12		—		(5)	
Equity interest of amortization of above market rent - unconsolidated entities		739		744		1,478		1,488	
AFFO	\$	33,263	\$	38,985	\$	67,625	\$	77,212	

GRIFFIN CAPITAL ESSENTIAL ASSET REIT, INC.

Adjusted EBITDA

(Unaudited; dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2018			2017		2018		2017
ADJUSTED EBITDA ⁽¹⁾ :								
Net income	\$	7,799	\$	9,160	\$	14,440	\$	23,466
Depreciation and amortization		31,843		29,952		59,162		60,548
Interest expense		13,008		11,799		25,551		23,544
Amortization - Deferred financing costs		736		665		1,523		1,426
Amortization - Debt premium		7		8		15		(430)
Amortization - In-place lease		772		316		528		721
Income taxes		(75)		1,224		141		1,608
Asset management fees		5,947		5,932		11,655		11,865
Property management fees		2,234		2,538		4,546		5,066
Deferred rent		(3,144)		(2,481)		(5,448)		(5,065)
Extraordinary Losses or Gains:								
Termination fee		_		_		_		(12,845)
Gain on disposition		(1,158)		(4,293)		(1,158)		(4,293)
Loss on Impairment				_		_		5,675
Equity percentage of net (income) loss for the Parent's non-wholly owned direct and indirect subsidiaries		519		482		1,038		994
Equity percentage of EBITDA for the Parent's non-wholly owned direct and indirect subsidiaries		2,262		2,178		4,448		4,304
		60,750		57,480		116,441		116,584
Less: Capital reserves	_	(931)	_	(923)	_	(1,820)		(1,846)
Adjusted EBITDA (per credit facility agreement)	\$	59,819	\$	56,557	\$	114,621	\$	114,738
Principal paid and due	\$	1,558	\$	1,797	\$	3,319	\$	2,965
Interest expense		13,610		12,431		26,645		24,756
	\$	15,168	\$	14,228	\$	29,964	\$	27,721
Interest Coverage Ratio ⁽²⁾		4.39		4.55		4.30		4.63
Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio ⁽³⁾		3.94		3.98		3.83		4.14

(1) Adjusted EBITDA, as defined in our credit facility agreement, is calculated as net income before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), plus acquisition fees and expenses, asset and property management fees, straight-line rents and in-place lease amortization for the period, further adjusted for acquisitions that have closed during the quarter and certain reserves for capital expenditures.

(2) Interest coverage is the ratio of interest expense as if the corresponding debt was in place at the beginning of the period to adjusted EBITDA.

(3) Fixed charge coverage is the ratio of principal amortization for the period plus interest expense as if the corresponding debt were in place at the beginning of the period plus preferred unit distributions as if in place at the beginning of the period over adjusted EBITDA.